



**Allegiant Gold Ltd.  
1090 Hamilton Street  
Vancouver, B.C.  
V6B 2R9  
Canada**

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
Six Month Period Ended  
March 31, 2020**

**(Stated in Canadian Dollars)**

**Report Date – May 29, 2020**

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This Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) focuses on significant factors that have affected Allegiant Gold Ltd. (the “Company” or “Allegiant”) and its subsidiaries’ performance and such factors that may affect its future performance. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company’s condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the six month period ended March 31, 2020 and the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended September 30, 2019 which was prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). All figures in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise noted. The information contained in this MD&A is current to the Report Date as defined on the cover page.

#### Forward looking information

This MD&A contains “forward-looking information and statements” that are subject to risk factors set out under the caption *Caution regarding forward looking statements* later in this document. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

#### **Profile and Strategy**

Allegiant was incorporated on September 26, 2017 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. The Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Columbus Gold Corp. (“Columbus Gold”), a Toronto Stock Exchange listed company, until January 25, 2018, when it was spun-out of Columbus Gold by way of a plan of arrangement (the “Arrangement”) as a separate entity. The Company obtained its initial listing on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSXV”) on January 30, 2018. The common shares of the Company are also listed on the OTCQX effective February 26, 2018.

On October 1, 2017, the Company acquired Allegiant Gold Holding Ltd. (“AGHL”) from Columbus Gold, which indirectly held all of Columbus Gold’s exploration and evaluation assets located in the USA.

The Company’s head office and principal address is located at 1090 Hamilton Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6B 2R9, Canada.

The Company’s principal business activities are the acquisition, exploration and development of resource properties, with gold as a principal focus. The Company is in the process of exploring and developing its resource properties but has not yet determined whether the properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company maintains active generative (prospecting) and evaluation programs and, as a key element of its strategy, broadens exposure, diversifies funding sources and minimizes risk through joint ventures on selected projects.

The Company’s financial condition is affected by general market conditions and conditions specific to the mining industry. These conditions include, but are not limited to, the price of gold and accessibility of debt or equity financing.

#### **Overall Performance and Updates**

The following highlights the Company’s overall performance for the three and six month periods ended March 31, 2020 and 2019:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>			<b>Six Months Ended</b>		
	<b>March 31, 2020</b>	<b>March 31, 2019</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>March 31, 2020</b>	<b>March 31, 2019</b>	<b>Change</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>
Net income (loss)	19,132	(294,811)	128,274	(352,380)	(1,097,081)	559,032
Income (loss) per share – basic and diluted	0.00	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.02)	0.01
Cash used in operating activities	(151,491)	(425,544)	274,053	(365,084)	(816,230)	451,146
Cash at end of period	237,678	1,470,495	(1,232,817)	237,678	1,470,495	(1,232,817)

Discussion of Operations

Exploration and Evaluation Assets

A summary of exploration and evaluation assets by property for the period ended March 31, 2020 is set out below:

<b>Property</b>	<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Option Payment(s) Received</b>	<b>Impairment</b>	<b>Foreign Exchange</b>	<b>Balance at March 31, 2019</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>
Bolo	4,050,740	-	(272,672)	-	254,174	4,032,242
Browns Canyon	696,156	-	-	-	45,994	742,150
Clanton Hills	67,118	-	-	-	4,434	71,552
Eastside	18,501,403	115,788	-	-	1,230,361	19,847,552
Four Metals <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goldfield West	409,303	19,800	-	-	28,409	457,512
Mogollon <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overland Pass	91,406	-	-	-	6,042	97,448
White Horse Flats	99,462	-	-	-	6,571	106,033
White Horse North	85,664	-	-	-	5,660	91,324
	<b>24,001,252</b>	<b>135,588</b>	<b>(272,672)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,581,645</b>	<b>25,445,813</b>

A summary of exploration and evaluation assets by property for the period ended September 30, 2019 is set out below:

<b>Property</b>	<b>Balance at October 1, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Option Payment(s) Received</b>	<b>Impairment</b>	<b>Foreign Exchange</b>	<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>
Big Lime	1,383	-	-	(1,415)	32	-
Bolo	4,262,334	6,057	(334,550)	-	116,899	4,050,740
Browns Canyon	156,978	536,467	-	-	2,711	696,156
Clanton Hills	56,933	8,696	-	-	1,489	67,118
Eastside	17,076,272	973,829	-	-	451,302	18,501,403
Four Metals <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goldfield West	179,253	225,901	-	-	4,149	409,303
Hughes Canyon	153,925	284,203	-	(453,591)	15,463	-
Mogollon <sup>2</sup>	261,469	4,149	(273,303)	-	7,685	-
Monitor Hills	91,753	406,763	-	(505,141)	6,625	-
Overland Pass	64,208	25,563	-	-	1,635	91,406
Silver Dome	30,459	1,804	-	(33,002)	739	-
White Horse Flats	71,948	25,671	-	-	1,843	99,462
White Horse North	62,141	21,931	-	-	1,592	85,664
	<b>22,469,056</b>	<b>2,521,034</b>	<b>(607,853)</b>	<b>(993,149)</b>	<b>612,164</b>	<b>24,001,252</b>

<sup>1</sup> Optioned to third party. Proceeds received exceed carrying value of property. Refer to "Four Metals" section for further details.

<sup>2</sup> Optioned to third party. Proceeds received exceed carrying value of property. Refer to "Mogollon" section for further details.

A summary of the exploration and evaluation assets by cost category is set out below:

	<b>Amount</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>22,469,056</b>
Acquisition and land	554,092
Camp costs	11,227
Drilling	755,417
Geology, trenching and geophysics	328,652
Management and administration	567,754
Technical studies	174,321
Travel	129,571
Option payments received	(607,853)
Impairment	(993,149)
Foreign exchange	612,164
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>24,001,252</b>
Acquisition and land costs	19,800
Geology, trenching and geophysics	51,528
Management and administration	269
Technical studies	59,471
Travel	4,520
Option payment(s) received	(272,672)
Foreign exchange	1,581,645
<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>	<b>25,445,813</b>

#### Eastside

The Eastside project is located approximately 32 km west of Tonopah, Nevada. Subject to underlying royalties, Allegiant controls a 100% interest in Eastside.

On June 11, 2019, the Company announced results from drilling at Adularia Hill, which is located within the Eastside claim block, about 12 km south of the Original Zone gold deposit, approximately 2 km north of the past producing open-pit-heap-leach Boss Mine, and some 2 km north of Castle, which hosts an historical gold resource. Drilling consisted of 21 reverse-circulation holes totalling 3,170 metres. Eight of the 21 holes contained at least 1.5 metres of gold exceed 0.10 g/t Au.

On January 27, 2020, the Company announced an updated Inferred Resource Estimate for the Eastside gold project in Nevada which totalled **1,094,000 gold-equivalent ounces at 0.60 g/t**.

The updated resource estimate (“Updated Resource Estimate and NI 43-101 Technical Report, Eastside and Castle Gold-Silver Project Technical Report, Esmeralda County, Nevada”) was conducted by Mine Development Associates (“MDA”) of Reno, Nevada with an effective date of December 30, 2019. Contained pit-constrained Inferred Resources of 1,094,000 AuEq ounces at 57,050,000 tonnes at 0.60 g/t AuEq (gold-equivalent ounces were calculated by Allegiant using a silver/gold ratio of 80:1) In accordance with NI 43-101 the MDA Technical Report dated January 24, 2020 will be filed on SEDAR. This report builds on and supersedes the NI 43-101 reports of Ristorcelli (December 2016) and Ristorcelli (July 2017) titled “*Resource Estimate and Technical Report, Eastside Gold-Silver Project, Esmeralda County, Nevada*” prepared for Allegiant with an Effective Date of July 25, 2017.

A copy of the Eastside Technical Report can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

The resources in the table below reflect the estimate of Inferred gold equivalent resources at Eastside at a base case cut-off grade of 0.15 g/t gold as well as other cut-off grade levels which approximates anticipated economic cutoffs based on preliminary metallurgical test work and operations cost estimates for an envisioned open-pit with combined heap-leach and milling scenario. To determine the "reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction" MDA chose to report the resource considering per tonne mining costs of US\$1.35 and G&A costs of US\$0.50 respectively. Heap-leach and milling costs used were US\$4.60 and US\$10.40, respectively. The prices of gold and silver were US\$1,550 and US\$19.67 per ounce, respectively, with gold equivalent ounces using a silver/gold ratio of 80:1. MDA ran a series of optimized pits using variable gold and silver prices, mining costs, processing costs and processing scenarios.

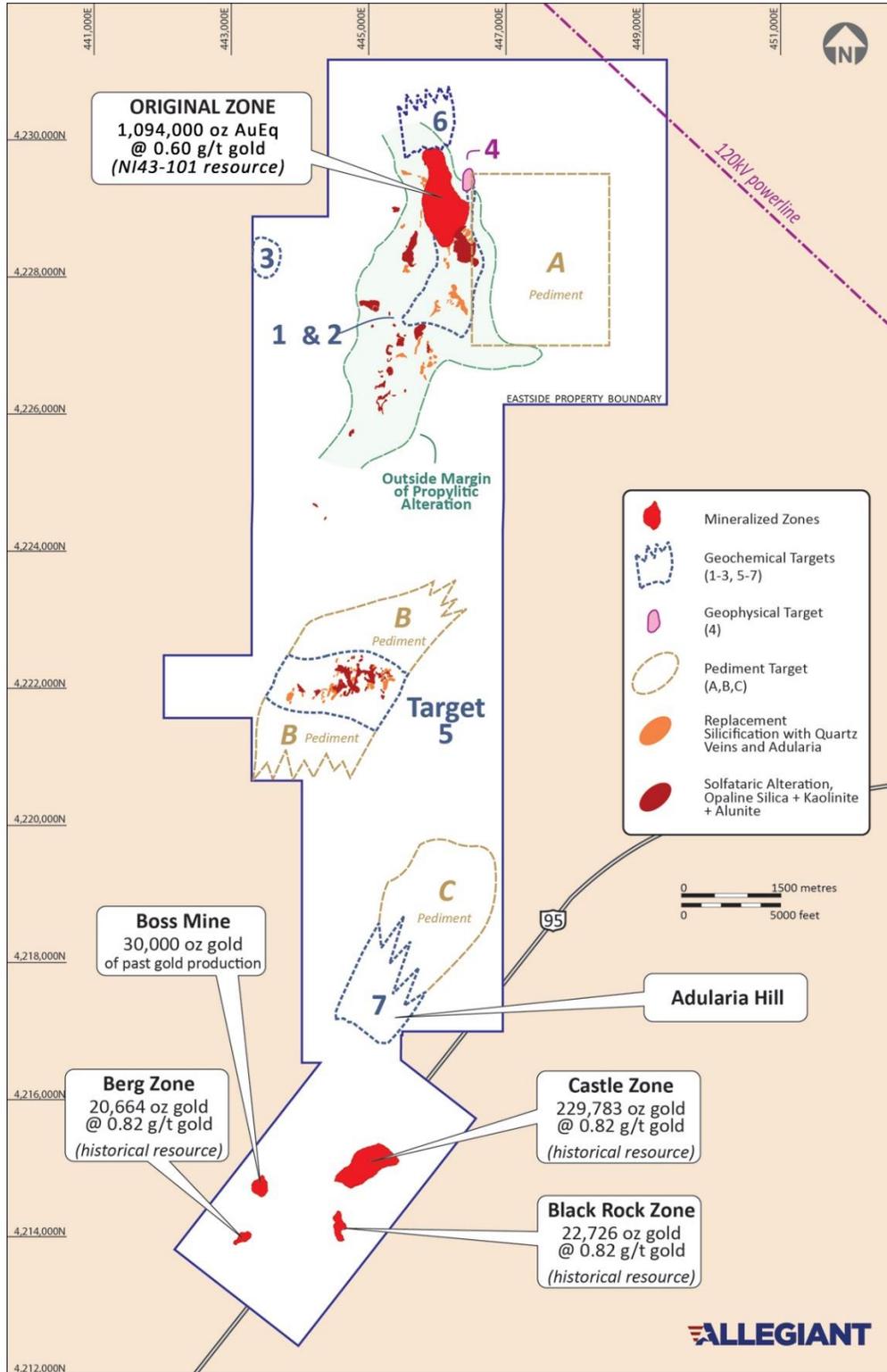
Cutoff (g Au/t)	Tonnes	Au Grade (g/t)	Ounces - Au	Grade (Ag g/t)	Ounces Ag	AuEq Ounces	AuEq (g/t)
0.10	84,400,000	0.41	1,104,000	3.5	9,541,000	1,223,000	0.45
0.11	77,600,000	0.43	1,081,000	3.7	9,141,000	1,195,000	0.48
0.12	71,540,000	0.46	1,059,000	3.8	8,775,000	1,169,000	0.51
0.13	65,970,000	0.49	1,036,000	4	8,422,000	1,141,000	0.54
0.14	61,230,000	0.52	1,016,000	4.1	8,111,000	1,117,000	0.57
<b>0.15</b>	<b>57,050,000</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>996,000</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>7,838,000</b>	<b>1,094,000</b>	<b>0.60</b>
0.16	53,210,000	0.57	977,000	4.4	7,563,000	1,072,000	0.63
0.17	49,820,000	0.60	959,000	4.6	7,315,000	1,050,000	0.66
0.18	46,870,000	0.63	943,000	4.7	7,089,000	1,032,000	0.68
0.19	44,450,000	0.65	928,000	4.8	6,889,000	1,014,000	0.71
0.20	42,320,000	0.67	915,000	4.9	6,703,000	999,000	0.73
0.25	34,960,000	0.77	863,000	5.4	6,098,000	939,000	0.84
0.30	29,970,000	0.85	819,000	5.8	5,631,000	889,000	0.92

*Notes to table of resources:*

- *Contained ounces may not add due to rounding.*
- *These Mineral Resources occur in such form, grade or quality and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction.*
- *It is reasonably expected that the majority of Inferred Mineral Resources could be upgraded to at least Indicated Mineral Resources with continued drilling.*
- *Inferred Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves. Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.*
- *The Qualified Person for the above resource estimate is Steven J. Ristorcelli, CPG of MDA, however, gold-equivalent ounces were calculated by ALLEGIANT. A copy of the reserve report was filed on SEDAR on January 27 2020.*

Preliminary metallurgical studies conducted by Kappes, Cassiday and Associates, in Reno, Nevada, indicate the mineralization is amenable to recovery by cyanidation. Heap-leach extractions are expected to be around 70% and 20% for gold and silver, respectively, but likely would require crushing. Milling with a fine grind is expected to result in extractions over 90% for gold and approximately 50% silver.

# Eastside Project Map



Ongoing field work at Eastside has generated a significant number of new targets from both geologic and alteration mapping, combined with geochemical sampling. Allegiant has determined that the Original Zone, Targets 1, 2, and 6, are actually part of a large and continuous zone or cell of hydrothermal alteration, which extends for 5.5 km north and south, and is about 1-2 km wide. The Original Zone, where essentially all drilling has occurred to date, lies completely within this large cell of hydrothermal alteration. The cell provides abundant drill targets for future drilling. In addition, geochemical targets exist at Targets 3, 5, and 7. Further, the east flank on the Allegiant claim block is "pediment" in nature, where only a few small bedrock exposures are present and rocks are mostly covered with a thin veneer (10-20 m) of alluvium. As announced back in December 2019, the Board, as part of its 2020 exploration budget, has approved an expansion of the permitted operating zone from the current 601 acres to approximately 3,600 acres in order to better understand and target these additional areas that warrant further exploration.

## Bolo

The Bolo project is located approximately 60 km northeast of Tonopah, Nevada. The Company holds a 100% interest in Bolo, subject to underlying royalties.

On June 27, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with a Barrian Mining Corp. ("Barrian"), under which Barrian may acquire up to a 50.01% undivided interest in Bolo by issuing common shares of Barrian to the Company, with an aggregate value of \$1,310,000 (US\$1,000,000) over a three year period, and also incurring certain exploration and evaluation expenditures on Bolo with a minimum aggregate value of \$5,240,000 (US\$4,000,000) by December 31, 2022. On April 24, 2019, the Company received 1,672,750 shares of Barrian, representing an initial \$334,550 (US\$250,000) option payment. On January 29, 2020, the Company received 4,118,438 common shares of Barrian, based on a volume weighted average price, representing the first anniversary \$272,672 (US\$250,000) share option payment.

Barrian may acquire an additional 24.99% interest in Bolo by incurring an additional \$5,240 (US\$4,000,000) in certain exploration and evaluation expenditures on Bolo within two years of acquiring the initial 50.01% interest in Bolo. If Barrian does not acquire the additional 24.99% interest, then Barrian will transfer a 0.02% interest in Bolo back to the Company.

During September 2019, Barrian completed a 10 hole reverse circulation drill program for a total of 1,838 metres. Seven of the drill holes, totalling 1,338 metres, were completed at the South mine fault zone, testing the extent of mineralization down dip and along strike. Previous RC drill intercepts at the South mine fault area include drill hole BL-38 that graded 3.24 grams per tonne (g/t) gold over 30.5 metres within a broader zone of mineralization averaging 1.28 g/t gold over 133 metres.\* One drill hole, totalling 177 metres, was completed between the South mine fault zone and Northern extension zone, testing both the continuity of mineralization along strike between the known zones, and a linear conductive anomaly identified by the 2019 induced polarization and resistivity geophysical survey. Two drill holes, totalling 323 metres, were completed at the historical Uncle Sam patented claim which has yielded high-grade silver plus gold channel rock chip samples including 3,146 g/t silver and 1.0 g/t gold over 2.6 metres, and 365 g/t silver and 1.9 g/t gold over 3.6 metres.\*\* Uncle Sam hosts high-grade silver plus gold mineralization at surface and in drill samples, and is the site of historical (circa 1880s) mine workings.

\* The true width of mineralization is estimated to be approximately 50 per cent of drilled width.

\*\* The true width of mineralization at Uncle Sam is unknown. For full descriptions of the Bolo property mineralized intercepts see: "Technical Report on the Bolo Property, Nye County, Nevada, USA" effective date Oct. 5, 2018, available at SEDAR

2019 Bolo Gold-Silver Project RC Drilling -- Significant Results

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval <sup>(1)</sup> (m)	Ag (g/t)	Au at 2g/t cut-off (g/t)
BL19-01	0	83.8	83.8		1.37
including	21.3	50.3	29.0		3.34
And	35.1	47.2	13.7		4.97
BL19-02	48.8	134.1	85.3		1.01
including	67.1	99.1	32.0		2.01
BL19-03	134.1	199.6	65.5		0.81
including	140.2	152.4	12.2		2.37
BL19-04	79.3	201.2	121.9		1.19
including	80.8	117.4	36.6		2.10
and	96.0	111.3	15.2		3.25
and	187.5	199.6	12.2		3.32
BL19-05	12.2	18.3	6.1		0.30
BL19-06	21.3	38.1	16.8		0.61
Including	29.0	36.6	7.6		0.99
BL19-07	41.1	44.2	3.1		0.27
BL19-08	108.2	109.7	1.5		0.45
BL19-09	41.2	64.0	22.9	74.9	
including	41.2	64.0	22.9	148.0	
BL19-10	53.3	74.7	21.3	24.2	0.32
including	67.1	74.7	7.6	43.0	0.52

<sup>(1)</sup> The true width of mineralization in most drill holes is estimated to be approximately 60 to 70 per cent of drilled width.

#### Browns Canyon

The Browns Canyon project is 100% owned by Allegiant and is located approximately 19 km southwest of Eureka, Nevada.

On December 13, 2018, the Company announced the completion of drilling at Browns Canyon (North Brown) and corresponding results announced on January 28, 2019. A total of 2,036 metres of rotary drilling in 11 holes were completed, and results were announced on January 28, 2019. There were no reportable gold intercepts from any of the holes, however, there are excellent grade gold samples (from nil up to 9 g/t gold) at the North Brown gold anomaly which are in angular, altered fragments, up to 0.3 meters in diameter, in a carbonate breccia horizon in the Devonian sequence. The Company believes the mineralized fragments in the breccia are transported along a flat fault from a local source near the North Brown anomaly. Field work and additional geophysical work will continue to discover the source of the mineralized breccia fragments.

#### Four Metals

On April 19, 2018 the Company and MinQuest Ltd. entered into an option agreement with Arizona Standard (US) Corp. (the "Four Metals Optionee") and Barksdale Capital Corp. ("Barksdale") granting the Four Metals Optionee an option to acquire a 100% interest in the Four Metals project located in Santa Cruz County, Arizona. The Four Metals Optionee is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Barksdale. The common shares of Barksdale are listed for trading on the TSXV. The Company and MinQuest Ltd. each own a 50% interest in 16 unpatented lode mining claims that, in addition to 24 unpatented lode mining claims that are 100% owned by the Company, comprise the Four Metals project. The option agreement requires the Four Metals Optionee to pay \$294,750 (US\$225,000) in staged payments over a five-year period. In addition, Barksdale will issue common shares with a total value of \$294,750 (US\$225,000) in staged issuances over the same five-year period. The cash payments and share issuances are shared equally with MinQuest Ltd. so that the Company will receive 50% of the cash and share payments.

On April 18, 2019, the Company received cash of \$16,670 (US\$12,500) and 33,016 common shares of Barksdale, with a fair value of \$16,838 (US\$12,500).

### Hughes Canyon

The Hughes Canyon project is located approximately 48 km east-southeast of Lovelock, Nevada.

On January 17, 2019, the Company announced the completion of drilling at Hughes Canyon, with 12 rotary drill holes totalling 2,139 metres. Hydrothermal alteration was encountered in 10 of the 12 holes in several different stratigraphic units in a faulted and folded Mesozoic sedimentary package. Gold and silver values above 0.10 g/t gold encountered in the drilling are available in the Company's news release dated January 17, 2019, available on the Company's website at [www.allegiantgold.com](http://www.allegiantgold.com).

Effective January 18, 2019, the Company dropped and returned Hughes Canyon to the lessor.

### Mogollon

On June 19, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with Barrian, granting Barrian an option to acquire a 100% interest in Mogollon by issuing common shares of Barrian with an aggregate value of \$1,310,000 (US\$1,000,000) over an approximate three-year period. On April 24, 2019, the Company received 1,672,750 shares of Barrian, representing an initial \$334,550 (US\$250,000) option payment. On January 29, 2020, the Company received 4,118,438 common shares of Barrian, based on a volume weighted average price, representing the first anniversary \$272,672 (US\$250,000) share option payment.

### Monitor Hills

The Monitor Hills project was owned 100% by Allegiant and is located approximately 35 km east-southeast of Tonopah, Nevada.

On April 17, 2019 the Company announced the receipt of assays from recent drilling carried-out at Monitor Hills which encountered broad zones of anomalous gold but better grade gold was only present in narrow 1.5 to 3 meter intervals. Overall the drilling results are considered too low-grade, and in the context of prioritizing expenditures on the Company's large portfolio of prospective exploration properties, the Company abandoned the Monitor Hills project in the 2019 fiscal year.

### Other Projects

The Big Lime project was determined to be a low priority project in the Company's portfolio and accordingly it was abandoned during the 2019 fiscal year.

The Silver Dome project was determined to be a low priority project in the Company's portfolio and accordingly it was abandoned during the 2019 fiscal year.

The Company's remaining projects, which are inclusive of Clanton Hills, Goldfield West, Overland Pass, White Horse Flats and White Horse North, are all considered to be highly prospective and the Company is focused on optioning them to quality partners for future development.

### *Allegiant Qualified Person – U.S. properties disclosure only*

*Andy B. Wallace is a Certified Professional Geologist (CPG) with the American Institute of Professional Geologists and is the Qualified Person under National Instrument 43-101 and has reviewed and approved the technical content relating to the properties located in the USA discussed herein. Mr. Wallace was VP and director of a subsidiary of the Company until July 3, 2019, and a principal of Cordilleran Exploration Company, LLC ("Cordex"), which conducted exploration and project generation activities for Allegiant on an exclusive basis until June 30, 2019. Mr. Wallace is presently an independent consultant to the Company.*

## Summary of Quarterly Information

	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018	Q3 2018
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Net income (loss) for the period	19,132	(371,512)	(322,906)	(964,516)	(294,811)	(802,270)	(914,334)	(403,147)
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.00	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.01)

	Mar 31, 2020	Dec 31, 2019	Sep 30, 2019	Jun 30, 2019	Mar 31, 2019	Dec 31, 2018	Sep 30, 2018	Jun 30, 2018
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Cash	237,678	484,578	401,455	616,745	1,470,496	2,574,141	3,813,894	334,563
Total assets	26,838,225	24,815,078	25,431,350	25,158,783	26,575,223	27,363,616	26,973,605	23,351,501
Total non-current financial liabilities <sup>1</sup>	(1,434,692)	(1,382,208)	(1,331,645)	(1,447,193)	(1,422,532)	-	-	-

### Review of Financial Results – Quarter

The Company didn't generate any revenue during the three month period ended March 31, 2020 ("Current Quarter") or the three month period ended March 31, 2019 ("Prior Year Quarter").

During the Current Quarter, the Company reported net income of \$19,132, which was a significant improvement from the Prior Year Quarter loss of \$294,811. The primary reason for the reduction in net loss was from the receipt of an option payment totaling \$272,672 on the Mogollon Property. As the carrying value of the property has already been reduced to \$Nil the option payment has been recorded as income on the statement of loss.

### Review of Financial Results – YTD

The Company didn't generate any revenue during the six month period ended March 31, 2020 ("Current Period") or the six month period ended March 31, 2019 ("Prior Year Period").

During the Current Period, the Company incurred a net loss of \$352,380, which was a significant decrease from the Prior Year Period of \$1,097,081. The primary reason for the reduction in net loss was due to an exploration property impairment recorded for the Hugh's Canyon property totaling \$454,591 in the Prior Year Period. The Company didn't record any property impairments during the Current Quarter. A further reduction in net loss resulted from the receipt of an option payment totaling \$272,672 on the Mogollon Property in the Current Period.

### Subsequent Event

Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the Company:

- received option payments on the Four Metals project consisting of \$17,625 (US\$12,500) in cash and 68,493 in common shares of Barksdale with a fair value of \$15,753.
- announced a non-brokered private placement under which it intends to raise up to \$3,000,000 through the issuance of 12,000,000 units at \$0.25 per unit. Each unit will consist of a common share of the Company and one half of a share purchase warrant, and each whole share purchase warrant will entitle the holder to acquire an additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 for a period of 18 months from the date of closing.
- granted 350,000 incentive stock options that are exercisable at \$0.28 per share for a period of 36 months. The options vest in equal quarterly tranches over a one year period from the date of grant.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company does not currently own or have an interest in any producing resource properties and does not derive any revenues from operations. The Company's activities have been funded primarily through private placements of the Company's common shares, and debt from Columbus Gold. The Company has been successful in its fundraising efforts in the past, but there can be no assurance that the Company will continue to be successful in the future. If such funds are not available or other sources of finance cannot be obtained, then the Company will be required to curtail its activities to a level for which funding is available and can be obtained. The Company's ability to access funding is also contingent on the ongoing demand for commodities and also a function of the demand for gold, both of which are subject to macroeconomic conditions and market fluctuations.

	Period Ended	
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	(\$)	(\$)
Cash used in operating activities	(365,084)	(816,230)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	190,656	(1,576,167)
Cash provided by financing activities	-	-
Cash, end of the period	237,678	1,470,495

As at March 31, 2020, the Company had working capital of \$1,009,209, compared to \$1,048,165 at September 30, 2019. Working capital decreased primarily as a result of cash used for normal operations.

During the Current Period, the Company used cash of \$365,084 in operating activities, a decrease of \$451,146 compared to the Prior Year Period. The decrease is attributable to a general decrease in operating expenses, mainly in administration, director fees, investor relations and general exploration. Management has put forth a concerted effort to reduce operating costs going forward in 2020.

The Company received cash of \$190,656 from investing activities during the Current Period which was an increase of \$1,766,823 compared to the Prior Year Period. The increase is mainly attributable to the sale of short-term investments and a reduction in exploration and evaluation expenditures in the Current Period.

The Company received \$Nil from financing activities in both the Current Period and the Prior Year Period.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company had current liabilities of \$76,316 and non-current liabilities of \$1,434,692. The Company is evaluating options available to meet working capital requirements and obligations as they become due.

## Commitments and Related Party Transactions

Columbus Gold, a corporation with certain directors in common, provides the Company with administration and management services on a shared cost basis under a corporate services agreement (the "CSA"). The most recent CSA expired on December 31, 2019 and has not been renewed.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company had a principal balance of \$1,604,405 (September 30, 2019 - \$1,604,405) owing to Columbus Gold (the "Grid Note") originally due on March 1, 2019. On March 5, 2019, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares (the "Extension Shares") of Allegiant in exchange for extending the due date to December 31, 2020. The fair value of the Extension Shares was \$190,000 at the time of issuance.

As the Grid Note was initially a non-current liability, the Company discounted the Grid Note with a 20% annual discount rate, resulting in a discount of \$213,639 allocated to the reserves account. Upon issuing the Extension Shares, the Grid Note was recognized as a new financial liability and the fair value of the Extension Shares was recognized as a loss. The Company discounted newly issued Grid Note with a 15% annual discount rate, resulting in a discount of \$383,665 allocated to the reserves account. A continuity table of the Grid Note is as follows:

	<b>Amount</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>
<b>Balance, September 30, 2018</b>	1,604,405
Fair value discount – 15%	(383,665)
Accretion for the period	146,142
<b>Balance, September 30, 2019</b>	<b>1,331,645</b>
Accretion for the period	103,047
<b>Balance, March 31, 2020</b>	<b>1,434,692</b>

The Company engaged the services of Cordilleran Exploration LLC (“Cordex”) to generate, evaluate, and explore mineral properties on behalf of the Company, primarily in Nevada. The agreement expired on June 30, 2019. Monthly payments consisted of a management fee which ranged from \$27,155 (US\$21,167) to \$28,865 (US\$22,500) and net smelter return (“NSR”) royalty for Cordex on existing and new properties. The principal of Cordex was an officer and director of a subsidiary of the Company.

The following is a summary of related party transactions:

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>March 31, 2019</b>	<b>March 31, 2018</b>
	(\$)	(\$)
Amounts paid or accrued to Columbus Gold, a corporation that shares directors in common, under the CSA	24,481	145,311
Management and consulting fees paid or accrued to Columbus Capital Corp., a corporation controlled by Robert Giustra, former Chairman of the Company	41,500	95,000
Management and administration fees paid or accrued to Peter Gianulis, CEO of the Company	72,000	-
Professional fees paid to SCM Consulting Corp., a corporation controlled by Sean McGrath, CFO of the Company	33,000	-
Directors fees paid or accrued	36,000	90,000
Share-based compensation in the form of vested RSUs issued to present and former directors and officers of the Company	20,211	-
Consulting fees paid or accrued to Andy Wallace, former officer and director of a subsidiary of the Company	42,207	-
Consulting fees paid or accrued to Cordex, a corporation controlled by Andy Wallace	-	174,000
	<b>269,399</b>	<b>504,311</b>

The following summarizes advances and amounts payable to related parties:

	<b>March 31, 2020</b>	<b>September 30, 2019</b>
	(\$)	(\$)
Due to Columbus Gold - Grid Note	(1,434,692)	(1,331,645)
Travel advances to Chairman of the Company	5,000	5,000
Amounts due to directors, included in accounts payable	(18,000)	(5,972)
	<b>(1,447,692)</b>	<b>(1,332,617)</b>

### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Estimates and assumptions where there is risk of material adjustments to assets and liabilities in future accounting periods include the recoverability of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, assumptions used in determination of share-based payments, the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets, decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities and contingent liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments in applying the Company's financial statements include the classification of expenditures as exploration and evaluation expenditures or operating expenses and the classification of financial instruments.

### **Proposed Transactions**

There are no proposed transactions as at March 31, 2020 and the Report Date of this MD&A.

### **New Accounting Standards Adopted During the Period**

#### *IFRS 16 – Leases* (“IFRS 16”)

IFRS 16 distinguishes between leases and service contracts on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those contracts determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet a lease asset along with the associated lease liability which reflects future lease payments, similar to current finance lease accounting. There are limited exceptions for leases with a term of less than 12 months or leases of assets which have a very low value. As a result of the adoption of IFRS 16, operating leases which were previously only recognized on the statement of earnings will be recognized on the balance sheet.

The purpose of the standard is to provide users of the financial statements with a more accurate picture of a company's leased assets and associated liabilities, while also improving the comparability of companies that lease assets to those that purchase them.

The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

## Outstanding Share Information

### Outstanding Share Data

The Company has authorized capital of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. The table below represents Alle giant's capital structure as at March 31, 2020 and the Report Date of this MD&A:

	<b>Report Date</b>	<b>March 31, 2020</b>
Common shares	61,843,850	61,843,850
Restricted share units	3,000,000	3,000,000
Share options (exercisable at \$0.10 to \$0.60)	2,040,000	1,690,000

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

Prior to making an investment decision, investors should consider the investment risks set out below and those described elsewhere in this document, which are in addition to the usual risks associated with an investment in a business at an early stage of development. The directors of the Company consider the risks set out below to be the most significant to potential investors in the Company, but do not represent all of the risks associated with an investment in securities of the Company. If any of these risks materialize into actual events or circumstances or other possible additional risks and uncertainties of which the Directors are currently unaware or which they consider not to be material in relation to the Company's business, actually occur, the Company's assets, liabilities, financial condition, results of operations (including future results of operations), business and business prospects are likely to be materially and adversely affected.

#### Exploration, development and production risks

An investment in the Company's shares is speculative due to the nature of the Company's involvement in the evaluation, acquisition, exploration and, if warranted, development and production of minerals. Mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk and there is no assurance that expenditures made on future exploration by the Company will result in new discoveries in commercial quantities.

While the Company has a limited number of specific identified exploration or development prospects, management will continue to evaluate prospects on an ongoing basis in a manner consistent with industry standards. The long-term commercial success of the Company depends on its ability to find, acquire, develop and commercially produce reserves. No assurance can be given that the Company will be able to locate satisfactory properties for acquisition or participation. Moreover, if such acquisitions or participations are identified, the Company may determine that current markets, terms of acquisition and participation or pricing conditions make such acquisitions or participations uneconomic. The Company has no earnings record, no reserves and no producing resource properties.

The Company's resource projects are in the exploration stage. Resource exploration, development, and operations are highly speculative, characterized by a number of significant risks, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge will not eliminate. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Unusual or unexpected formations, formation pressures, fires, power outages, labour disruptions, flooding, explosions, cave-ins, landslides and the inability to obtain suitable or adequate machinery, equipment or labour are other risks involved in the operation of mines and the conduct of exploration programs. The Company must rely upon consultants and contractors for exploration, development, construction and operating expertise. Substantial expenditures are required to establish mineral resources and mineral reserves through drilling, to develop metallurgical processes to extract the metal from mineral resources and, in the case of new properties, to develop the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining.

There is no assurance that surface rights agreements that may be necessary for future operations will be obtained when needed, on reasonable terms, or at all, which could adversely affect the business of the Company.

No assurance can be given that minerals will be discovered in sufficient quantities at any of the Company's mineral projects to justify commercial operations or that funds required for additional exploration or development will be obtained on a timely basis. Whether a mineral deposit will be commercially viable depends on a number of factors, some of which are: the particular attributes of the deposit, such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure; metal prices which are highly cyclical; the proximity and capacity of milling facilities; and government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure, land use, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection. The exact effect of these factors cannot accurately be predicted, but the combination of these factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital.

#### Additional Funding Requirements

From time to time, the Company will require additional financing in order to carry out its acquisition, exploration and development activities. Failure to obtain such financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to forfeit its interest in certain properties, miss certain acquisition opportunities, delay or indefinitely postpone further exploration and development of its projects with the possible loss of such properties, and reduce or terminate its operations. If the Company's cash flow from operations is not sufficient to satisfy its capital expenditure requirements, there can be no assurance that additional debt or equity financing will be available to meet these requirements or be available on favorable terms.

#### Prices, Markets and Marketing of Natural Resources

Gold is a commodity whose price is determined based on world demand, supply and other factors, all of which are beyond the control of the Company. World prices for gold have fluctuated widely in recent years. The marketability and price of natural resources which may be acquired or discovered by the Company will be affected by numerous factors beyond its control. The Company has limited direct experience in the marketing of gold.

Government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure, land use, importing and exporting of natural resources and environmental protection are all factors which may affect the marketability and price of natural resources. The exact effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but any one or a combination of these factors could result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on investment for shareholders.

#### Environmental Risks

All phases of the natural resources business present environmental risks and hazards and are subject to environmental regulation pursuant to a variety of international conventions, and national, state and municipal laws and regulations. Environmental legislation provides for, among other things, restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with operations. The legislation also requires that facility sites and mines be operated, maintained, abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of applicable regulatory authorities. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and a breach may result in the imposition of fines and penalties, some of which may be material. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner expected to result in stricter standards and enforcement, larger fines and liability and potentially increased capital expenditures and operating costs. The discharge of tailings or other pollutants into the air, soil or water may give rise to liabilities to foreign governments and third parties and may require the Company to incur costs to remedy such discharge. No assurance can be given that environmental laws will not result in a curtailment of production or a material increase in the costs of production, development or exploration activities or otherwise adversely affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

Companies engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties generally experience increased costs, and delays as a result of the need to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permits. The Company believes it is in substantial compliance with all material laws and regulations which currently apply to its activities.

Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in natural resource exploration and development activities may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of its activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations and, in particular, environmental laws.

Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of natural resources companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reduction in levels of production at producing properties or require abandonment or delays in developments of new properties.

### Dilution

In order to finance future operations and development efforts, the Company may raise funds through the issue of shares or securities convertible into shares. The constating documents of the Company allow it to issue, among other things, an unlimited number of shares for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as may be established by the directors of the Company, in many cases, without the approval of shareholders. The Company cannot predict the size of future issues of shares or securities convertible into shares or the effect, if any, that future issues and sales of shares will have on the price of the shares. Any transaction involving the issue of previously authorized but unissued shares or securities convertible into shares would result in dilution, possibly substantial, to present and prospective shareholders of the Company.

### Regulatory Requirements

Mining operations, development and exploration activities are subject to extensive laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, environmental protection and remediation, protection of endangered and protected species, mine safety, toxic substances and other matters. Changes in these regulations or in their application are beyond the control of the Company and could adversely affect its operations, business and results of operations.

Government approvals and permits are currently, and may in the future be, required in connection with the mineral projects in which the Company has an interest. To the extent such approvals are required and not obtained, the Company may be restricted or prohibited from proceeding with planned exploration or development activities. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the mining activities and may be liable for civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations. Amendments to current laws, regulations and permitting requirements, or more stringent application of existing laws, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reductions in levels of production at producing properties or require abandonment or delays in development of properties.

### Reliance on Operators and Key Employees

The success of the Company will be largely dependent upon the performance of its management and key employees. The Company does not have any key man insurance policies and therefore there is a risk that the death or departure of any member of management or any key employee could have a material adverse effect on the Company. In assessing the risk of an investment in the Company's shares, potential investors should realize that they are relying on the experience, judgment, discretion, integrity and good faith of the management of the Company. An investment in the Company's shares is suitable only for those investors who are willing to risk a loss of their entire investment and who can afford to lose their entire investment.

### Title Matters

Although title to the properties has been reviewed by the Company, formal title opinions have not been obtained by the Company for most of its mineral properties and, consequently, no assurances can be given that there are no title defects affecting such properties and that such title will not be challenged or impaired. The acquisition of title to resource properties is a very detailed and time-consuming process. Title to, and the area of, resource claims may be disputed. There may be valid challenges to the title of any of the mineral properties in which the Company holds an interest that, if successful, could impair development and/or operations thereof. A defect could result in the Company losing all or a portion of its right, title, estate and interest in and to the properties to which the title defect relates.

Any of the mineral properties in which the Company holds an interest may be subject to prior unregistered liens, agreements or transfers or other undetected title defects. There is no guarantee that title to the properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company is satisfied, however, that evidence of title to each of the properties is adequate and acceptable by prevailing industry standards.

#### Enforcement of Civil Liabilities

Certain of the Company's directors and certain of the experts named herein reside outside of Canada and, similarly, a majority of the assets of the Company are located outside of Canada. It may not be possible for investors to effect service of process within Canada upon the directors and experts not residing in Canada. It may also not be possible to enforce against the Company and certain of its directors and experts named herein judgements obtained in Canadian courts predicated upon the civil liability provisions of applicable securities laws in Canada.

#### Permits and Licenses

The operations of the Company will require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration and development of its projects.

#### Availability of Equipment and Access Restrictions

Natural resource exploration and development activities are dependent on the availability of drilling and related equipment in the particular areas where such activities will be conducted. Demand for such limited equipment or access restrictions may affect the availability of such equipment to the Company and may delay exploration and development activities.

#### Conflict of Interest of Management

Certain of the Company's directors and officers are also directors and officers of other natural resource companies. Consequently, there exists the possibility for such directors and officers to be in a position of conflict. Any decision made by any of such directors and officers relating to the Company will be made in accordance with their duties and obligations to deal fairly and in good faith with the Company and such other companies.

#### Competition

The Company actively competes for acquisitions, leases, licenses, concessions, claims, skilled industry personnel and other related interests with a substantial number of other companies, many of which have significantly greater financial resources than the Company.

The Company's ability to successfully bid on and acquire additional property rights to participate in opportunities and to identify and enter into commercial arrangements with other parties will be dependent upon developing and maintaining close working relationships with its future industry partners and joint operators and its ability to select and evaluate suitable properties and to consummate transactions in a highly competitive environment.

#### Insurance

The Company's involvement in the exploration for and development of natural resource properties may result in the Company becoming subject to liability for certain risks, and in particular unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, including rock bursts, cave ins, fires, floods, earthquakes, pollution, blow-outs, property damage, personal injury or other hazards. Although the Company will obtain insurance in accordance with industry standards to address such risks, such insurance has limitations on liability that may not be sufficient to cover the full extent of such liabilities. In addition, such risks may not, in all circumstances be insurable, or, in certain circumstances, the Company may elect not to obtain insurance to deal with specific risks due to the high premiums associated with such insurance or other reasons. The payment of such uninsured liabilities would reduce the funds available to the Company. The occurrence of a significant event that the Company is not fully insured against, or the insolvency of the insurer or such event, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or prospects.

No assurance can be given that insurance to cover the risks to which the Company's activities will be subject will be available at all or at economically feasible premiums. Insurance against environmental risks (including potential for pollution or other hazards as a result of the disposal of waste products occurring from production) is not generally available to the Company or to other companies within the industry. The payment of such liabilities would reduce the funds available to the Company. Should the Company be unable to fund fully the cost of remedying an environmental problem, the Company might be required to suspend operations or enter into interim compliance measures pending completion of the required remedy.

#### The Market Price of Shares May Be Subject to Wide Price Fluctuations

The market price of shares may be subject to wide fluctuations in response to many factors, including variations in the operating results of the Company, divergence in financial results from analysts' expectations, changes in earnings estimates by stock market analysts, changes in the business prospects for the Company, general economic conditions, changes in mineral reserve or resource estimates, results of exploration, changes in results of mining operations, legislative changes, and other events and factors outside of the Company's control.

In addition, stock markets have from time to time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations, which, as well as general economic and political conditions, could adversely affect the market price for the shares.

The Company is unable to predict whether substantial amounts of shares will be sold in the open market. Any sales of substantial amounts of shares in the public market, or the perception that such sales might occur, could materially and adversely affect the market price of the shares.

#### Global Financial Conditions

Global financial conditions over the last few years have been characterized by increased volatility and several financial institutions have either gone into bankruptcy or have had to be rescued by governmental authorities. These factors may affect the ability of the Company to obtain equity or debt financing in the future on terms favourable to it. Additionally, these factors, as well as other related factors, may cause decreases in asset values that are deemed to be other than temporary, which may result in impairment losses. If such increased levels of volatility and market turmoil continue, the operations of the Company may suffer adverse impact and the price of our shares may be adversely affected.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a party to its financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk will be primarily composed of cash and amounts receivable. While the Company will attempt to mitigate its exposure to credit risk, there can be no assurance that unexpected losses will not occur. Such unexpected losses could adversely affect the Company.

#### Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

The information provided in this report, including the financial statements, is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### Disclosure and Internal Controls

Disclosure controls and procedures have been established to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to management, particularly during the period in which annual filings are being prepared. Furthermore, internal controls over financial reporting have been established to ensure the Company's assets are safeguarded and to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

### Caution Regarding Forward Looking Statements

This document contains certain forward-looking information and forward-looking statements, as defined in applicable securities laws (collectively referred to as “forward-looking statements”). Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as “plans,” “expects” or “does not expect,” “is expected,” “planned,” “budget,” “scheduled,” “estimates,” “continues,” “forecasts,” “projects,” “predicts,” “intends,” “anticipates” or “does not anticipate,” or “believes,” or variations of such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results “may,” “could,” “would,” “should,” “might” or “will” be taken, occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any of our future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements; consequently, undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements.

These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to: changes in Canadian/US dollar exchange rates; management’s strategies, objectives and expectations; the Company’s tax position and the tax and royalty rates applicable; the Company’s ability to acquire necessary permits and other authorizations in connection with its projects; risks associated with environmental compliance, including without limitation changes in legislation and regulation, and estimates of reclamation and other costs; the Company’s cost reduction and other financial and operating objectives; the Company’s environmental, health and safety initiatives; the availability of qualified employees and labour for operations; risks that may affect operating or capital plans; risks created through competition for mining properties; risks associated with exploration projects, and mineral reserve and resource estimates, including the risk of errors in assumptions and methodologies; risks associated with dependence on third parties for the provision of critical services; risks associated with non-performance by contractual counterparties; risks associated with title; and general business and economic conditions.

Forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions that may prove to be incorrect, including, but not limited to, assumptions about: general business and economic conditions; the expected timing to complete a feasibility study and other exploration milestones, the timing of the receipt of required permits and approvals for operations; the availability of equity and other financing on reasonable terms; power prices; the Company’s ability to procure equipment and operating supplies in sufficient quantities and on a timely basis; the Company’s ability to attract and retain skilled labour and staff; the impact of changes in Canadian/US dollar and other foreign exchange rates on costs and results; market competition; and ongoing relations with employees and with business partners and joint venturers.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors and assumptions is not exhaustive. Events or circumstances could cause our actual results to differ materially from those estimated or projected and expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Management undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking statements or the foregoing list of factors, whether as a result of new information or future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable laws.

### **Additional Information**

The Company held its annual general meeting on May 19, 2020 and received approval for all proposed resolutions. Robert Giustra did not stand for re-election to the board and as a result the board has been reduced to three members. The Company wishes to thank Mr. Giustra for his leadership and many contributions since the formation of the Company. Mr. Giustra will continue to assist the Company in the capacity of a consultant going forward.

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

## Corporate Information

Head Office: 1090 Hamilton Street  
Vancouver, BC V6B 2R9  
Canada

Director(s): Norm Pitcher  
Peter Gianulis  
Shawn Nichols

Officers: Peter Gianulis, Chief Executive Officer  
Sean McGrath, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary

Auditor: DMCL LLP  
1500 – 1140 West Pender Street  
Vancouver, BC V6E 4G1

Legal Counsel: McMillan LLP  
Suite 1500 - 1055 West Georgia Street  
Vancouver, BC V6E 4N7

Transfer Agent: Computershare Investor Services Inc.  
2<sup>nd</sup> Floor – 510 Burrard Street  
Vancouver, BC V6C 3B9



**Allegiant Gold Ltd.  
1090 Hamilton Street  
Vancouver, B.C.  
V6B 2R9  
Canada**

**Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Six Month Period Ended  
March 31, 2020**

**(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

## **NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements; they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.****Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	<b>March 31, 2020</b>	<b>September 30, 2019</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets		
Cash	237,678	401,455
Short-term investments (Note 4)	811,991	652,153
Receivables	4,508	2,324
Prepaid expenses	31,348	33,031
Total current assets	1,085,525	1,088,963
Non-current assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	25,445,813	24,001,252
Reclamation bonds (Note 6)	306,887	341,135
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>26,838,225</b>	<b>25,431,350</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9)	76,316	40,798
Total current liabilities	76,316	40,798
Non-current liabilities		
Due to Columbus Gold Corp. (Note 9)	1,434,692	1,331,645
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,511,008</b>	<b>1,372,443</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>		
Share capital (Note 8)	25,147,350	25,147,350
Reserves (Note 8)	6,781,765	5,161,075
Deficit	(6,601,898)	(6,249,518)
	25,327,217	24,058,907
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES &amp; SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>	<b>26,838,225</b>	<b>25,431,350</b>

**Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)****Subsequent events (Note 13)**

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

"Peter Gianulis"  
Director

"Shawn Nichols"  
Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.****Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2020	Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2019	Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020	Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2019
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
<b>Operating expenses</b>				
Administration and office (Note 9)	37,341	76,681	74,069	180,188
Director fees (Note 9)	18,000	45,000	36,000	90,000
General exploration	4,842	7,996	4,842	81,077
Investor relations	10,360	13,955	13,607	47,737
Management fees (Note 9)	21,000	57,500	98,404	95,000
Professional fees	47,908	18,539	99,980	65,580
Share-based payments (Note 9)	21,654	-	21,654	
Transfer agent and filing fees	31,852	40,387	49,586	49,177
Travel	2,748	1,990	20,012	6,250
Option payments received (Note )	(272,672)	-	(272,672)	-
	(76,967)	262,048	145,482	615,009
	76,967	(262,048)	(145,482)	(615,009)
Interest income	1,007	7,606	3,228	19,596
Loss on short-term investments	(4,787)	-	(102,646)	
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	-	-	-	(454,591)
Accretion expense (Note 9)	(52,484)	(25,746)	(103,047)	(43,365)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(1,571)	(14,623)	(4,433)	(3,712)
<b>Net loss</b>	19,132	(294,811)	(352,380)	(1,097,081)
<b>Item that may be subsequently reclassified to net loss</b>				
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	1,915,993	(497,349)	1,599,036	875,781
<b>Comprehensive income (loss)</b>	1,935,125	(792,160)	1,246,656	(221,300)
<b>Basic and diluted loss per share</b>	0.00	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.02)
<b>Weighted average common shares outstanding:</b>				
Basic	61,843,850	60,811,482	61,843,850	60,835,758
Diluted	61,843,850	60,811,482	61,843,850	60,835,758

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.****Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020</b>	<b>Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2019</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>
Net loss	(352,380)	(1,097,081)
Adjusted for items not involving cash:A48		
Accretion expense	103,047	43,365
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	-	454,591
Loss on short-term investments	102,646	-
Option payments received	(272,672)	-
Share-based payments	21,654	-
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(175)	(13,799)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Prepaid expenses and receivables	(2,722)	17,178
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	35,518	(220,484)
<b>Cash flows used in operating activities</b>	<b>(365,084)</b>	<b>(816,230)</b>
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	(137,799)	(1,588,131)
Reclamation bonds	53,320	(7,865)
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments	272,913	-
Interest received	2,221	19,829
<b>Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities</b>	<b>190,656</b>	<b>(1,576,167)</b>
<b>Change in cash</b>	<b>(174,428)</b>	<b>(2,392,397)</b>
<b>Effect of exchange rate changes on cash denominated in a foreign currency</b>	<b>10,651</b>	<b>48,999</b>
<b>Cash, beginning of the period</b>	<b>401,455</b>	<b>3,813,893</b>
<b>Cash, end of the period</b>	<b>237,678</b>	<b>1,470,495</b>

**Supplemental cash flow information (Note 12)**

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

**Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Share Capital		Reserves				Shareholders' Equity
	Number of Shares	Amount (\$)	Options, RSUs and Warrants (\$)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (\$)	Total	Deficit (\$)	
<b>Balance at October 1, 2018</b>	60,811,482	24,943,755	3,163,340	899,297	4,062,637	(3,865,015)	25,141,377
Shares for debt	32,368	13,595	-	-	-	-	13,595
Shares issued for extension of amounts due to Columbus Gold Corp. (Note 8)	1,000,000	190,000	-	-	-	-	190,000
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	875,781	875,781	(1,097,081)	(221,300)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2019</b>	61,843,850	25,147,350	3,163,340	1,775,078	4,938,418	(4,962,096)	25,123,672
Share-based payments (Note 8)	-	-	53,700	-	53,700	-	53,700
Contributions - discount of amounts due to Columbus Gold Corp. (Note 9)	-	-	-	383,701	383,701	-	383,701
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(214,744)	(214,744)	(1,287,422)	(1,502,166)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	61,843,850	25,147,350	3,217,040	1,944,035	5,161,075	(6,249,518)	24,058,907
Share-based payments (Note 8)	-	-	21,654	-	21,654	-	21,654
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	1,599,036	1,599,036	(352,380)	1,246,656
<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>	61,843,850	25,147,350	3,238,694	3,543,071	6,781,765	(6,601,898)	25,327,217

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# **ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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## **1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN**

Allegiant Gold Ltd. (the “Company” or “Allegiant”), was incorporated on September 26, 2017 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. The Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Columbus Gold Corp. (“Columbus Gold”), a Toronto Stock Exchange listed company, until January 25, 2018, when it was spun-out of Columbus Gold by way of a plan of arrangement (the “Arrangement”) as a separate entity. The Company obtained its initial listing on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSXV”) on January 30, 2018. The common shares of the Company are also listed on the OTCQX effective February 26, 2018.

The Company’s head office and principal address is located at 1090 Hamilton Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6B 2R9, Canada.

On October 1, 2017, the Company acquired Allegiant Gold Holding Ltd. (“AGHL”) from Columbus Gold (note 5), which indirectly held all of Columbus Gold’s exploration and evaluation assets in the United States of America.

The Company’s principal business activities are the exploration and development of resource properties located in the United States of America. The Company is in the process of exploring and developing its resource properties, but it has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those reserves and upon future profitable production or from proceeds of disposition. The Company’s exploration and evaluation activities are not dependent on seasonality and may operate year-round; however, the Company may adjust the level of exploration and evaluation activities to manage its capital structure in light of changes in global economic conditions. To date, the Company has not received any revenue from mining operations and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which implies that the Company will continue realizing assets and discharging liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Should the going concern assumption not continue to be appropriate, further adjustments to carrying values of assets and liabilities may be required. At March 31, 2020, the Company had working capital of \$1,009,209 (September 30, 2019 – \$1,048,165) and deficit of \$6,601,898 (September 30, 2019 - \$6,249,518). Accordingly, the ability of the Company to realize the carrying value of its assets and continue operations as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise additional debt or equity to fund ongoing costs of operations and/or secure new or additional partners in order to advance its projects. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of assets and classification of assets and liabilities that may arise should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

## **2. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

### **Statement of Compliance**

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and the interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations committee. They do not include all disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) for annual financial statements, and therefore should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019, prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 29, 2020.

## ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

#### Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar, which is also the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements.

#### Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Allegiant and its wholly-owned subsidiaries as follows:

Entity	Ownership Interest	Place of Incorporation
Allegiant Gold Holding Ltd.	100%	British Columbia, Canada
Allegiant Gold (U.S.) Ltd.	100%	Arizona, USA

All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Control exists where the parent entity has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date control commences until the date control ceases.

#### Use of Estimates and Judgements

##### Significant estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Estimates and assumptions used by management where there is risk of material adjustments to assets and liabilities in future accounting periods include the recoverability of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, assumptions used in determination of the fair value of share-based payments, the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets, decommissioning obligations, restoration and similar liabilities and contingent liabilities.

## ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### Significant judgments

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments in preparing the Company's consolidated financial statements include the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, classification of expenditures as exploration and evaluation expenditures or operating expenses and the classification of financial instruments.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies as those used in the Company's annual financial statements at September 30, 2019, with the exception of the newly adopted standard noted below.

#### *IFRS 16, Leases*

This new standard replaces the existing leasing guidance in IAS 17, Leases.

IFRS 16 distinguishes between leases and service contracts on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those contracts determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet a lease asset along with the associated lease liability which reflects future lease payments, similar to current finance lease accounting. There are limited exceptions for leases with a term of less than 12 months or leases of assets which have a very low value. As a result of the adoption of IFRS 16, operating leases which were previously only recognized on the statement of earnings will be recognized on the balance sheet.

The purpose of the standard is to provide users of the financial statements with a more accurate picture of a company's leased assets and associated liabilities, while also improving the comparability of companies that lease assets to those that purchase them.

The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### 4. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

	<b>March 31, 2020</b>	<b>September 30, 2019</b>
	(\$)	(\$)
Barrian Mining Corp. (Note 4)	804,562	635,645
Barksdale Metals Corp. (Note 4)	7,429	16,508
	<b>811,991</b>	<b>652,153</b>

During the six month period ended March 31, 2020, the Company recorded a loss on short-term investments of \$102,646 (2019-\$Nil).

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**

<b>Property</b>	<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Option Payment(s) Received</b>	<b>Impairment</b>	<b>Foreign Exchange</b>	<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Bolo	4,050,740	-	(272,672)	-	254,174	4,032,242
Browns Canyon	696,156	-	-	-	45,994	742,150
Clanton Hills	67,118	-	-	-	4,434	71,552
Eastside	18,501,403	115,788	-	-	1,230,361	19,847,552
Four Metals <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goldfield West	409,303	19,800	-	-	28,409	457,512
Mogollon <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overland Pass	91,406	-	-	-	6,042	97,448
White Horse Flats	99,462	-	-	-	6,571	106,033
White Horse North	85,664	-	-	-	5,660	91,324
	<b>24,001,252</b>	<b>135,588</b>	<b>(272,672)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,581,645</b>	<b>25,445,813</b>

A summary of exploration and evaluation assets by property for the year ended September 30, 2019 is set out below:

<b>Property</b>	<b>Balance at September 30, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Option Payment(s) Received</b>	<b>Impairment</b>	<b>Foreign Exchange</b>	<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Big Lime	1,383	-	-	(1,415)	32	-
Bolo	4,262,334	6,057	(334,550)	-	116,899	4,050,740
Browns Canyon	156,978	536,467	-	-	2,711	696,156
Clanton Hills	56,933	8,696	-	-	1,489	67,118
Eastside	17,076,272	973,829	-	-	451,302	18,501,403
Four Metals <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goldfield West	179,253	225,901	-	-	4,149	409,303
Hughes Canyon	153,925	284,203	-	(453,591)	15,463	-
Mogollon <sup>(2)</sup>	261,469	4,149	(273,303)	-	7,685	-
Monitor Hills	91,753	406,763	-	(505,141)	6,625	-
Overland Pass	64,208	25,563	-	-	1,635	91,406
Silver Dome	30,459	1,804	-	(33,002)	739	-
White Horse Flats	71,948	25,671	-	-	1,843	99,462
White Horse North	62,141	21,931	-	-	1,592	85,664
	<b>22,469,056</b>	<b>2,521,034</b>	<b>(607,853)</b>	<b>(993,149)</b>	<b>612,164</b>	<b>24,001,252</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Optioned to third party. Proceeds received exceed carrying value of property. Refer to "Four Metals" section for further details.

<sup>(2)</sup> Optioned to third party. Proceeds received exceed carrying value of property. Refer to "Mogollon" section for further details.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)**

A summary of the exploration and evaluation assets by cost category is set out below:

	<b>Amount</b>
	(\$)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2018</b>	<b>22,469,056</b>
Acquisition and land costs	554,092
Camp costs	11,227
Drilling	755,417
Geology, trenching and geophysics	328,652
Management and administration	567,754
Technical studies	174,321
Travel	129,571
Option payment(s) received	(607,853)
Impairment	(993,149)
Foreign exchange	612,164
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<b>24,001,252</b>
Acquisition and land costs	19,800
Geology, trenching and geophysics	51,528
Management and administration	269
Technical studies	59,471
Travel	4,520
Option payment(s) received	(272,672)
Foreign exchange	1,581,645
<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>	<b>25,445,813</b>

*Bolo*

The Bolo project is located approximately 60 km northeast of Tonopah, Nevada. The Company holds a 100% interest in Bolo, subject to underlying royalties.

On June 27, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with Barrian Mining Corp. ("Barrian"), under which Barrian may acquire up to a 50.01% undivided interest in Bolo by issuing common shares of Barrian to the Company, with an aggregate value of \$1,310,000 (US\$1,000,000) over a three year period, and also incurring certain exploration and evaluation expenditures on Bolo with a minimum aggregate value of \$5,240,000 (US\$4,000,000) by December 31, 2022. On April 24, 2019, the Company received 1,672,750 common shares of Barrian, representing an initial \$334,550 (US\$250,000) share option payment. On January 29, 2020, the Company received 4,118,438 common shares of Barrian, based on a volume weighted average price, representing the first anniversary \$272,672 (US\$250,000) share option payment.

Barrian may acquire an additional 24.99% interest in Bolo by incurring an additional \$5,240,000 (US\$4,000,000) in certain exploration and evaluation expenditures on Bolo within two years of acquiring the initial 50.01% interest in Bolo. If Barrian does not acquire the additional 24.99% interest, then Barrian will transfer a 0.02% interest in Bolo back to the Company.

*Eastside*

The Eastside project is located approximately 32 km west of Tonopah, Nevada. The Company holds a 100% interest in Eastside, subject to underlying royalties.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)***Four Metals*

On April 19, 2018 the Company and MinQuest Ltd. entered into an option agreement with Arizona Standard (US) Corp. (the “Four Metals Optionee”) and Barksdale Metals Corp. (“Barksdale”) granting the Four Metals Optionee an option to acquire a 100% interest in the Four Metals project located in Santa Cruz County, Arizona. The Four Metals Optionee is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Barksdale. The common shares of Barksdale are listed for trading on the TSXV. The Company and MinQuest Ltd. each own a 50% interest in 16 unpatented lode mining claims that, in addition to 24 unpatented lode mining claims that are 100% owned by the Company, comprise the Four Metals project. The option agreement requires the Four Metals Optionee to pay \$294,750 (US\$225,000) in staged payments over a five-year period. In addition, Barksdale will issue common shares with a total value of \$294,750 (US\$225,000) in staged issuances over the same five-year period. The cash payments and share issuances are shared equally with MinQuest Ltd. so that the Company will receive 50% of the cash and share payments.

On April 18, 2019, the Company received cash of \$16,670 (US\$12,500) and 33,016 common shares of Barksdale, with a fair value of \$16,838 (US\$12,500). On April 19, 2018, the Company received cash of \$16,670 (US\$12,500).

*Mogollon*

On June 19, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with Barrian, granting Barrian an option to acquire a 100% interest in Mogollon by issuing common shares of Barrian with an aggregate value of \$1,310,000 (US\$1,000,000) over an approximate three-year period. On April 24, 2019, the Company received 1,672,750 common shares of Barrian, representing an initial \$334,550 (US\$250,000) option payment. On January 29, 2020, the Company received 4,118,438 common shares of Barrian, based on a volume weighted average price, representing the first anniversary \$272,672 (US\$250,000) share option payment.

*Other*

The Company has additional exploration and evaluation assets located in the USA, comprised of the following properties: Clanton Hills, Browns Canyon, Overland Pass, Goldfield West, White Horse Flats, and White Horse North.

**6. RECLAMATION BONDS**

The drilling permits for the following properties require refundable reclamation bonds, which are held by the USA Forest Service and the US Bureau of Land Management:

	<b>March 31, 2020</b>	<b>September 30, 2019</b>
	<b>(\$)</b>	<b>(\$)</b>
Browns Canyon	8,926	8,373
Eastside	281,583	291,393
Hughes Canyon	7,775	18,179
Monitor Hills	-	15,120
Red Hills	8,603	8,070
	<b>306,887</b>	<b>341,135</b>

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**7. RESTORATION PROVISION**

The Company has restoration obligations in connection with certain properties in Nevada. The Company has in place reclamation bonds with the USA Forest Service and the US Bureau of Land Management (also refer to Note 6) to cover these obligations.

**8. SHARE CAPITAL**Common shares

Authorized - unlimited common shares without par value.

At March 31, 2020, the Company had 61,843,850 (September 30, 2019 – 61,843,850) common shares issued and outstanding.

On March 5, 2019, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares (the “Extension Shares”) of Allegiant in exchange for extending the due date of the Grid Note to December 31, 2020 (see Note 11). The fair value of the Extension Shares was \$190,000 at the time of issuance.

On October 24, 2018, the Company extinguished an existing debt in the amount of \$13,595 by issuing 32,368 common shares (each a “Settlement Share”) at a fair value price of \$0.42 per Settlement Share to certain of its independent directors.

Share options

The Company has a share option plan to issue share options whereby the total share options outstanding may be up to 10% of its issued capital at the time of an applicable option grant. The Board of Directors may from time to time, grant options to directors, officers, employees or consultants. The exercise price of an option is not less than the closing price on the TSXV on the last trading day preceding the grant date.

The continuity of the Company's share options is as follows:

	<b>Number of Options</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b> (\$)
Balance, October 1, 2018	5,090,000	0.58
Granted	1,000,000	0.10
Cancelled	(3,000,000)	0.57
Forfeited	(405,000)	0.60
Balance, September 30, 2019	2,685,000	0.41
Cancelled	(750,000)	0.46
Forfeited	(245,000)	0.60
<b>Balance, March 31, 2020</b>	<b>1,690,000</b>	<b>0.30</b>

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**8. SHARE CAPITAL** (continued)

A summary of the Company's options at March 31, 2020 is as follows:

Exercise Price (\$)	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable	
	Number of Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (yrs)	Number of Options Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (yrs)
0.60	690,000	2.85	690,000	2.85
0.10	1,000,000	4.50	1,000,000	4.50
<b>0.10-0.60</b>	<b>1,690,000</b>	<b>3.83</b>	<b>690,000</b>	<b>3.83</b>

The fair value of share options recognized as an expense during the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$53,700.

The fair value of each share option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model that uses the assumptions noted in the table below. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Company's shares, and other factors. The expected term of share options granted represents the period of time that share options granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate of periods within the contractual life of the share option is based on the Canadian government bond rate. Assumptions used for share options granted during the year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Grant Date	Number of Share Options	Expected Price Volatility	Risk Free Interest Rate	Expected Life (yrs)	Expected Dividend Yield Per Option	Fair Value (\$)	Total Fair Value (\$)
September 20, 2019	1,000,000	114.0%	1.4%	5.00	-	0.05	53,700

Warrants

A total of 7,267,604 warrants expired during the six month period ended March 31, 2020.

There was no warrant activity during the year ended September 30, 2019.

There were no warrants outstanding as at March 31, 2020.

Reserves*Share options and warrants*

The share options and warrants reserve records items recognized as stock-based compensation expense and other share-based payments until such time that the stock options or warrants are exercised, at which time the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)***Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)*

The accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) reserve records unrealized exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations that have a functional currency other than the Company's reporting currency.

*Other Reserves*

The fair value of the extension of the Grid Note owing to Columbus Gold Corp. was determined to be \$383,665 using a discount rate of 15%. It has been recognized in other reserves as a contribution to equity.

**9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Columbus Gold, a company with certain directors and officers in common, provides the Company with administration and management services on a shared cost basis under a corporate services agreement (the "CSA"). The most recent CSA expired on December 31, 2019.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company had a principal balance of \$1,604,405 (September 30, 2019 - \$1,604,405) owing to Columbus Gold (the "Grid Note") originally due on March 1, 2019. On March 5, 2019, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares (the "Extension Shares") of Allegiant in exchange for extending the due date to December 31, 2020. The fair value of the Extension Shares was \$190,000 at the time of issuance.

As the Grid Note was initially a non-current liability, the Company discounted the Grid Note with a 20% annual discount rate, resulting in a discount of \$213,639 allocated to the reserves account. Upon issuing the Extension Shares, the Grid Note was recognized as a new financial liability and the fair value of the Extension Shares was recognized as a loss. The Company discounted newly issued Grid Note with a 15% annual discount rate, resulting in a discount of \$383,665 allocated to the reserves account. A continuity table of the Grid Note is as follows:

	(\$)
<b>Balance, September 30, 2018</b>	1,604,405
Fair value discount – 15%	(383,665)
Accretion for the period	146,142
<b>Balance, September 30, 2019</b>	<b>1,331,645</b>
Accretion for the period	103,047
<b>Balance, March 31, 2020</b>	<b>1,434,692</b>

The Company engaged the services of Cordilleran Exploration LLC ("Cordex") to generate, evaluate, and explore mineral properties on behalf of the Company, primarily in Nevada. The agreement expired on June 30, 2019. Monthly payments consisted of a management fee which ranged from \$27,155 (US\$21,167) to \$28,865 (US\$22,500) and net smelter return ("NSR") royalty for Cordex on existing and new properties. The principal of Cordex is a former officer and director of a subsidiary of the Company.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)**

The following is a summary of related party transactions:

	<b>March 31, 2020 (\$)</b>	<b>March 31, 2019 (\$)</b>
Amounts paid or accrued to Columbus Gold Corp., a corporation that shares directors in common	24,481	145,311
Management and consulting fees paid or accrued to a corporation controlled by the former Chairman of the Company	41,500	95,000
Management and administration fees paid or accrued to the CEO of the Company	72,000	-
Professional fees paid or accrued to a corporation controlled by the CFO of the Company	33,000	-
Directors fees paid or accrued	36,000	90,000
Share-based compensation in the form of vested RSUs issued to present and former directors and officers of the Company	20,211	-
Consulting fees paid or accrued to a former officer and director of a subsidiary of the Company	42,207	-
Consulting fees paid or accrued to Cordex	-	174,000
	<b>269,399</b>	<b>504,311</b>

The following summarizes advances and amounts payable to related parties:

	<b>March 31, 2020 (\$)</b>	<b>September 30, 2019 (\$)</b>
Due to Columbus Gold - Grid Note	(1,434,692)	(1,331,645)
Travel advances to Chairman of the Company	5,000	5,000
Amounts due to directors, included in accounts payable	(18,000)	(5,972)
	<b>(1,447,692)</b>	<b>1,332,617</b>

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Company has one reportable business segment, being mineral exploration and development. Assets by geographical area are as follows:

	<b>March 31,</b>	<b>September 30,</b>
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	(\$)	(\$)
Current assets		
Canada	935,951	956,025
USA	149,574	132,938
	<b>1,085,525</b>	<b>1,088,963</b>
Non-current assets		
Canada	-	-
USA	25,752,700	24,342,387
	<b>25,752,700</b>	<b>24,342,387</b>
Total assets		
Canada	935,951	956,025
USA	25,902,274	24,475,325
	<b>26,838,225</b>	<b>25,431,350</b>

**11. FINANCIAL RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**Financial risk

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks. The risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments at March 31, 2020 are summarized below. The Board of Directors periodically reviews with management the principal risks affecting the Company and the systems that have been put in place to manage these risks.

Credit risk

The credit risk exposure on cash is limited to its carrying amount at the date of the statements of financial position. Cash is held as cash deposits with creditworthy banks in Canada and the USA, and risk is assessed as low.

The credit risk exposure on reclamation bonds is limited to its carrying amount at the date of the statements of financial position. Reclamation bonds are held by the USA Forest Service and the US Bureau of Land Management, and risk is assessed as low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's general and capital financing needs. The Company manages liquidity risk by attempting to maintain sufficient cash balances. Liquidity requirements are managed based on expected cash flows to ensure that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short term obligations. As at March 31, 2020, the Company had a working capital of \$1,009,209 (September 30, 2019 – \$1,048,165).

Liquidity risk is assessed as high.

## ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

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### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### Market risks

(i) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The Company is exposed to the currency risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates in its US subsidiary, Allegiant Gold (U.S.) Ltd. The Company also has certain assets and liabilities denoted in US dollars. A significant change in the currency exchange rates between the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar could have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and/or cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations.

(ii) Commodity price risk

The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration or development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of gold. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Company does not have any variable interest-bearing debt and is therefore not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### Sensitivity analysis

A 1% change in interest rates does not have a material effect on the Company's profit or loss.

The Company has certain assets and liabilities in US Dollars, a currency other than the functional currency of Company. The Company estimates that a +/-10% change in the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar does not have a material effect on the Company's profit or loss.

#### Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders. As the Company is in the exploration stage, its principal source of funds is from equity financings and debt from Columbus Gold.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, enter into joint venture property arrangements, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and investments.

#### Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, short-term investments, receivables and accounts payable, approximates their carrying value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The fair value of the reclamation bonds approximates their fair value based on current interest rates and high liquidity.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

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**11. FINANCIAL RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT** (continued)

The fair value of the short-term investments is measured using level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of non-current amounts due to Columbus Gold are based on the fair value of the common shares issued as consideration for an extension.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Disclosure establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

- Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

At March 31, 2020, amounts due to Columbus Gold are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy above.

The Company has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based upon appropriate valuation methodologies.

**12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

On January 29, 2020, the Company received 2,059,219 common shares of Barrian representing the first anniversary \$272,672 (US\$250,000) option payment for the Bolo property (Note 4)

On January 29, 2020, a total of 7,267, 604 share purchase warrants expired without being exercised.

On April 24, 2019, the Company received 1,672,750 common shares of Barrian, representing an initial \$334,550 (US\$250,000) option payment for the Bolo property (Note 4).

On April 24, 2019, the Company received 1,672,750 common shares of Barrian, representing an initial \$334,550 (US\$250,000) option payment for the Mogollon property (Note 4).

On April 18, 2019, the Company received 33,016 common shares of Barksdale with a fair value of \$16,838, in connection with the Four Metals property (Note 4).

On March 5, 2019, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares of Allegiant in exchange for extending the maturity date of a promissory note payable to Columbus Gold (Note 7).

On October 24, 2018, the Company issued 32,368 common shares (Note 7) to Directors of the Company to settle directors' fees accrued at a fair value of \$13,595.

**ALLEGIANT GOLD LTD.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Month Period Ended March 31, 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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**13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the Company:

- d) received option payments on the Four Metals project consisting of \$17,625 (US\$12,500) in cash and 68,493 in common shares of Barksdale with a fair value of \$15,753.
- e) announced a non-brokered private placement under which it intends to raise up to \$3,000,000 through the issuance of 12,000,000 units at \$0.25 per unit. Each unit will consist of a common share of the Company and one half of a share purchase warrant, and each whole share purchase warrant will entitle the holder to acquire an additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 for a period of 18 months from the date of closing.
- f) granted 350,000 incentive stock options that are exercisable at \$0.28 per share for a period of 36 months. The options vest in equal quarterly tranches over a one year period from the date of grant.